SERVICE & OPERATING MANUAL

E4

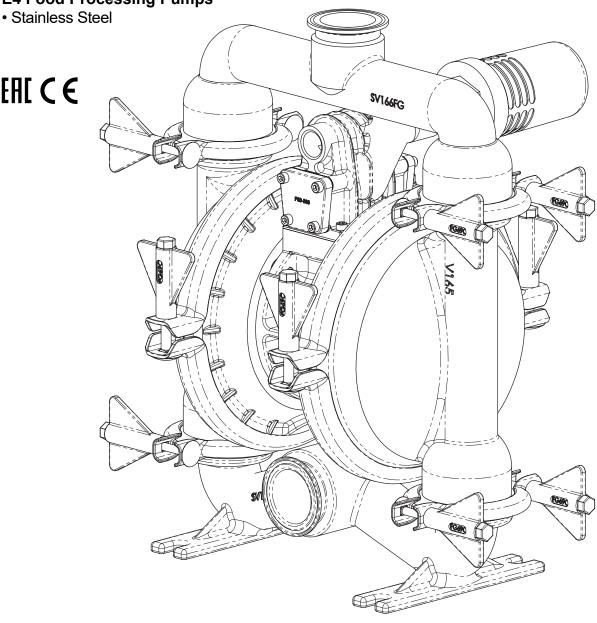
ORIGINAL INSTRUCTIONS

1 1/2" Elima-Matic Food Processing

with Metal Center Section

E4 Food Processing Pumps







Safety Information

A IMPORTANT



Read the safety warnings and instructions in this manual before pump installation and start-up. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual could damage the pump and void factory warranty.



When the pump is used for materials that tend to settle out or solidify, the pump should be flushed after each use to prevent damage. In freezing temperatures the pump should be completely drained between uses.

A CAUTION



Before pump operation, inspect all fasteners for loosening caused by gasket creep. Retighten loose fasteners to prevent leakage. Follow recommended torques stated in this manual.



Plastic pumps and plastic components are not UV stabilized. Ultraviolet radiation can damage these parts and negatively affect material properties. Do not expose to UV light for extended periods of time.



WARNING

Pump not designed, tested or certified to be powered by compressed natural gas. Powering the pump with natural gas will void the warranty.



WARNING

The use of non-OEM replacement parts will void (or negate) agency certifications, including CE, ATEX, CSA, 3A and EC1935 compliance (Food Contact Materials). Warren Rupp, Inc. cannot ensure nor warrant non-OEM parts to meet the stringent requirements of the certifying agencies.

WARNING



When used for toxic or aggressive fluids, the pump should always be flushed clean prior to disassembly.



Before maintenance or repair, shut off the compressed air line, bleed the pressure, and disconnect the air line from the pump. Be certain that approved eye protection and protective clothing are worn at all times. Failure to follow these recommendations may result in serious injury or death.



Airborne particles and loud noise hazards. Wear eye and ear protection.



In the event of diaphragm rupture, pumped material may enter the air end of the pump, and be discharged into the atmosphere. If pumping a product that is hazardous or toxic, the air exhaust must be piped to an appropriate area for safe containment.



Take action to prevent static sparking. Fire or explosion can result, especially when handling flammable liquids. The pump, piping, valves, containers and other miscellaneous equipment must be properly grounded.



This pump is pressurized internally with air pressure during operation. Make certain that all fasteners and piping connections are in good condition and are reinstalled properly during reassembly.



Use safe practices when lifting

ATEX Pumps - Conditions For Safe Use

- 1. Ambient temperature range is as specified in tables 1 & 2 on the next page
- 2. ATEX compliant pumps are suitable for use in explosive atmospheres when the equipment is properly grounded in accordance with local electrical codes
- 3. Conductive Polypropylene, conductive Acetal or conductive PVDF pumps are not to be installed in applications where the pumps may be subjected to oil, greases and hydraulic liquids.
- 4. When operating pumps equipped with non-conductive diaphragms that exceed the maximum permissible projected area, as defined in EN ISO 80079-36: 2016 section 6.7.5 table 8, the following protection methods must be applied
 - Equipment is always used to transfer electrically conductive fluids or
 - Explosive environment is prevented from entering the internal portions of the pump, i.e. dry running.



Table of Contents

SECTION 1: PUMP SPECIFICATIONS......1

- Nomenclature
- Performance
- Materials
- Dimensional Drawings

SECTION 2: INSTALLATION & OPERATION ...7

- Principle of Pump Operation
- Typical Installation Guide
- Troubleshooting

SECTION 3: EXPLODED VIEW.....10

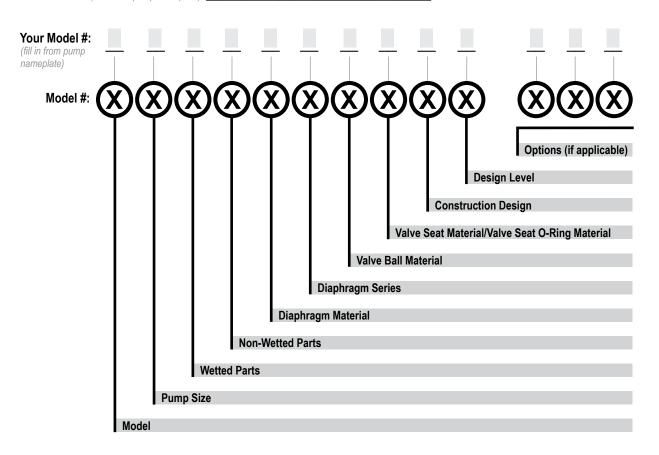
- Composite Drawings
- Parts List
- Materials Code

SECTION 4: WARRANTY & CERTIFICATES..13

- Warranty
- EU Declaration of Conformity Machinery Directive
- □ EU Declaration of Conformity EU Regulation 1935/2004/EC

Explanation of Pump Nomenclature

Your Serial #: (fill in from pump nameplate)



Model	Pump Size	Wetted Parts	Non-Wetted Parts	Diaphragm Material
E Elima-Matic	6 1/4"	A Aluminum	A Aluminum	1 Neoprene
U Ultra-Matic	8 3/8"	C Cast Iron	S Stainless Steel	2 Nitrile (Nitrile)
V V-Series	5 1/2"	S Stainless Steel	P Polypropylene	3 FKM (Fluorocarbon)
	7 3/4"	H Alloy C	G Groundable Acetal	4 EPDM
	1 1"	P Polypropylene	Z PTFE-coated Aluminum	5 PTFE
	4 1-1/4" or 1-1/2"	K Kynar	J Nickel-plated Aluminum	6 Santoprene XL
	2 2"	G Groundable Acetal	C Cast Iron	7 Hytrel
	3 3"	B Aluminum (screen mount)	Q Epoxy-Coated Aluminum	Y FDA Santoprene

Diaphragm Series
R Rugged
D Dome
X Thermo-Matic
T Tef-Matic (2-piece)
B Versa-Tuff (1-piece)
F FUSION (one-piece
integrated plate)

V I D IIM (: 1)V I	0 (0/1 0 (00) 14 () 1	_
Valve Ball Material Valve	Seat/Valve Seat O-Ring Material	Cor
1 Neoprene	1 Neoprene	9 Bo
2 Nitrile	2 Nitrile	0 C
3 (FKM) Fluorocarbon	3 (FKM) Fluorocarbon	
4 EPDM	4 EPDM	Des
5 PTFE	5 PTFE	Α
6 Santoprene XL	6 Santoprene XL	С
7 Hytrel	7 Hytrel	
8 Polyurethane	8 Polyurethane	
A Acetal	A Aluminum w/ PTFE O-Rings	
S Stainless Steel	S Stainless Steel w/ PTFE O-Rings	
Y FDA Santoprene	C Carbon Steel w/ PTFE O-Rings	
·	H Alloy C w/ PTFE O-Rings	
	T PTFE Encapsulated Silicone O-R	ings

eat/Valve Seat O-Ring Material	Construction Design
Neoprene	9 Bolted
Nitrile	0 Clamped
(FKM) Fluorocarbon	
EPDM	Design Level
PTFE	Α
Santoprene XL	C
Hytrel	
Polyurethane	
Aluminum w/ PTFE O-Rings	
Stainless Steel w/ PTFE O-Rings	
Carbon Steel w/ PTFE O-Rings	
Alloy C w/ PTFE O-Rings	

Y FDA Santoprene

Miscellaneous Options B BSP Tapered Thread **CP** Center Port ATEX ATEX Compliant **FP** Food Processing **SP** Sanitary Pump **HP** High Pressure **OE** Original Elima-Matic F Flap Valve

HD Horizontal Discharge **3A** 3-A Certified **UL** UL Listed **OB** Oil Bottle



^{*}More than one option may be specified for a particular pump model.

Materials

Material Profile:		Operating Temperatures:	
CAUTION! Operating temperature limitations are as follows:	Max.	Min.	
Conductive Acetal: Tough, impact resistant, ductile. Good abrasion resistance and low friction surface. Generally inert, with good chemical resistance except for strong acids and oxidizing agents.	190°F 88°C	-20°F -29°C	
EPDM: Shows very good water and chemical resistance. Has poor resistance to oils and solvents, but is fair in ketones and alcohols.	280°F 138°C	-40°F -40°C	
FKM: (Fluorocarbon) Shows good resistance to a wide range of oils and sovents; especially all aliphatic, aromatic and halogenated hydrocarbons, acids, animal and vegetable oils. Hot water or hot aqueous solutions (over 70°F) will attack FKM.	350°F 177°C	-40°F -40°C	
Hytrel®: Good on acids, bases, amines and glycols at room temperatures only.	220°F 104°C	-20°F -29°C	
Neoprene: All purpose. Resistance to vegetable oils. Generally not affected by moderate chemicals, fats, greases and many oils and solvents. Generally attacked by strong oxidizing acids, ketones, esters and nitro hydrocarbons and chlorinated aromatic hydrocarbons.	200°F 93°C	-10°F -23°C	
Nitrile: General purpose, oil-resistant. Shows good solvent, oil, water and hydraulic fluid resistance. Should not be used with highly polar solvents like acetone and MEK, ozone, chlorinated hydrocarbons and nitro hydrocarbons.	190°F 88°C	-10°F -23°C	
Nylon: 6/6 High strength and toughness over a wide temperature range. Moderate to good resistance to fuels, oils and chemicals.	180°F 82°C	32°F 0°C	

Polypropylene: A thermoplastic polymer. Moderate tensile and flex strength. Resists stong acids and alkali. Attacked by chlorine, fuming nitric acid and other strong oxidizing agents.	180°F 82°C	32°F 0°C
PVDF: (Polyvinylidene Fluoride) A durable fluoroplastic with excellent chemical resistance. Excellent for UV applications. High tensile strength and impact resistance.	250°F 121°C	0°F -18°C
Santoprene®: Injection molded thermoplastic elastomer with no fabric layer. Long mechanical flex life. Excellent abrasion resistance.	275°F 135°C	-40°F -40°C
UHMW PE: A thermoplastic that is highly resistant to a broad range of chemicals. Exhibits outstanding abrasion and impact resistance, along with environmental stress-cracking resistance.		-35°F -37°C
Urethane: Shows good resistance to abrasives. Has poor resistance to most solvents and oils.		32°F 0°C
Virgin PTFE: (PFA/TFE) Chemically inert, virtually impervious. Very few chemicals are known to chemically react with PTFE; molten alkali metals, turbulent liquid or gaseous fluorine and a few fluoro-chemicals such as chlorine trifluoride or oxygen difluoride which readily liberate free fluorine at elevated temperatures.	220°F 104°C	-35°F -37°C
Maximum and Minimum Tamparaturas are the limits for which these ma	toriala aan h	a aparatad

Maximum and Minimum Temperatures are the limits for which these materials can be operated. Temperatures coupled with pressure affect the longevity of diaphragm pump components. Maximum life should not be expected at the extreme limits of the temperature ranges.

Metals:

Alloy C: Equal to ASTM494 CW-12M-1 specification for nickel and nickel alloy.

Stainless Steel: Equal to or exceeding ASTM specification A743 CF-8M for corrosion resistant iron chromium, iron chromium nickel and nickel based alloy castings for general applications. Commonly referred to as 316 Stainless Steel in the pump industry.

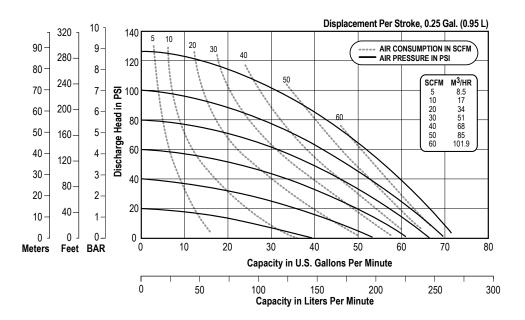
For specific applications, always consult the Chemical Resistance Chart.

Note: This document is a high level guide. Please be aware that not all model and or material combinations are possible for all sizes. Please consult factory or your distributor for specific details.

Performance

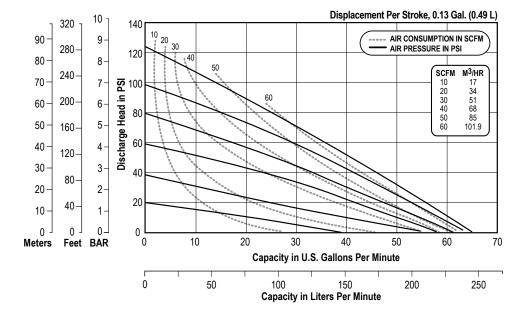
E4 1 1/2" Bolted Food Processing Pump ELASTOMERIC AND TPE FITTED

Flow Rate Adjustable to 0-71 gpm (268 lpm)				
Port Size				
Suction 2" Tri-Clamp				
Discharge 2" Tri-Clamp				
Air Inlet				
Air Exhaust				
Suction Lift				
Dry				
Wet				
Max Solid Size (Diameter)				
Max Noise Level				
Shipping Weights				
Stainless Steel 57 lbs (25.85 kg)				



NOTE: Performance based on the following: elastomeric fitted pump, flooded suction, water at ambient conditions. The use of other materials and varying hydraulic conditions may result in deviations in excess of 5%.

E4 1 1/2" Bolted Food Processing Pump PTFE FITTED



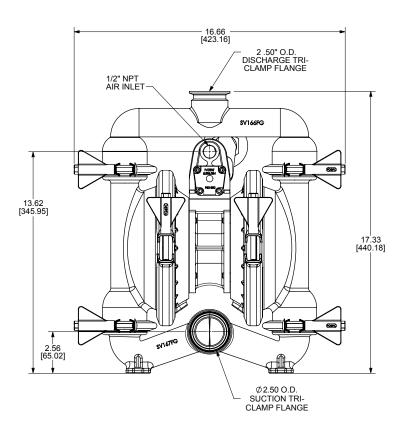
NOTE: Performance based on the following: elastomeric fitted pump, flooded suction, water at ambient conditions. The use of other materials and varying hydraulic conditions may result in deviations in excess of 5%.

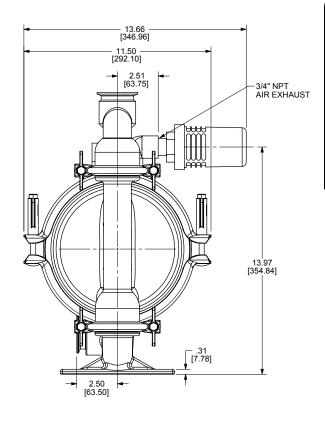
Dimensional Drawings

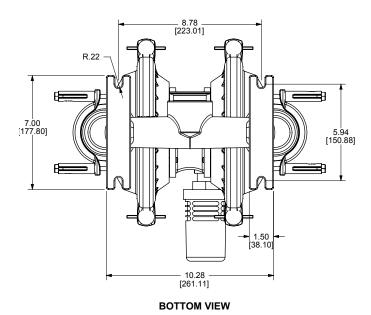
E4 Food Processing

Dimensions in inches (metric dimensions in brackets)

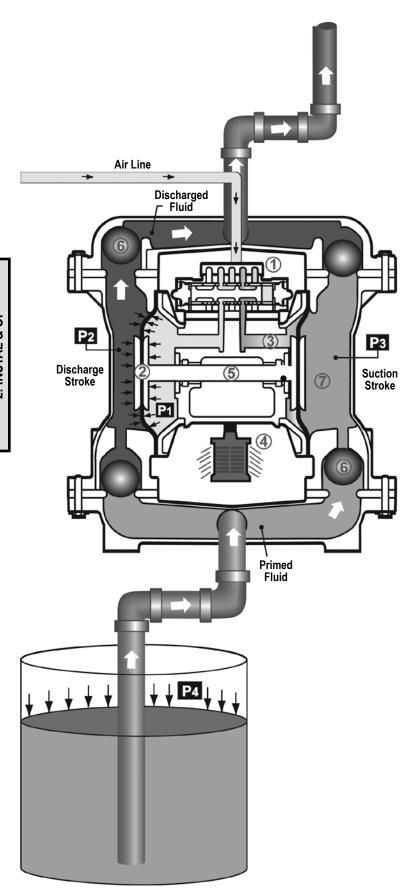
The dimensions on this drawing are for reference only. A certified drawing can be requested if physical dimensions are needed.







Principle of Pump Operation



Air-Operated Double Diaphragm (AODD) pumps are powered by compressed air or nitrogen.

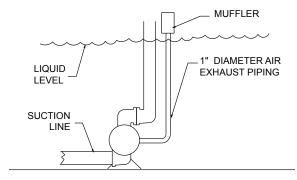
The main directional (air) control valve ① distributes compressed air to an air chamber, exerting uniform pressure over the inner surface of the diaphragm ②. At the same time, the exhausting air ③ from behind the opposite diaphragm is directed through the air valve assembly(s) to an exhaust port ④.

As inner chamber pressure **(P1)** exceeds liquid chamber pressure **(P2)**, the rod **⑤** connected diaphragms shift together creating discharge on one side and suction on the opposite side. The discharged and primed liquid's directions are controlled by the check valves (ball or flap)**⑥** orientation.

The pump primes as a result of the suction stroke. The suction stroke lowers the chamber pressure **(P3)** increasing the chamber volume. This results in a pressure differential necessary for atmospheric pressure **(P4)** to push the fluid through the suction piping and across the suction side check valve and into the outer fluid chamber \mathfrak{T} .

Suction (side) stroking also initiates the reciprocating (shifting, stroking or cycling) action of the pump. The suction diaphragm's movement is mechanically pulled through its stroke. The diaphragm's inner plate makes contact with an actuator plunger aligned to shift the pilot signaling valve. Once actuated, the pilot valve sends a pressure signal to the opposite end of the main directional air valve, redirecting the compressed air to the opposite inner chamber.

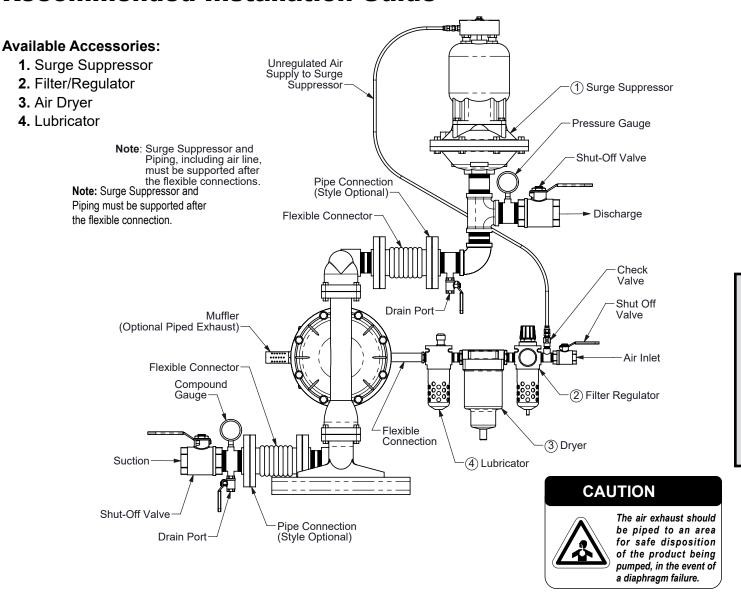
SUBMERGED ILLUSTRATION



Pump can be submerged if the pump materials of construction are compatible with the liquid being pumped. The air exhaust must be piped above the liquid level. When the pumped product source is at a higher level than the pump (flooded suction condition), pipe the exhaust higher than the product source to prevent siphoning spills.



Recommended Installation Guide



Installation And Start-Up

Locate the pump as close to the product being pumped as possible. Keep the suction line length and number of fittings to a minimum. Do not reduce the suction line diameter.

Air Supply

Connect the pump air inlet to an air supply with sufficient capacity and pressure to achieve desired performance. A pressure regulating valve should be installed to insure air supply pressure does not exceed recommended limits.

Air Valve Lubrication

The air distribution system is designed to operate WITHOUT lubrication. This is the standard mode of operation. If lubrication is designed, install an air line lubricator set to deliver one drop of SAE 10 non-detergent oil for every 20 SCFM (9.4 liters/sec.) of air the pump consumes. Consult the Performance Curve to determine air consumption.

Air Line Moisture

Water in the compressed air supply may cause icing or freezing of the exhaust air, causing the pump to cycle erratically or stop operating. Water in the air supply can be reduced by using a point-of-use air dryer.

Air Inlet And Priming

To start the pump, slightly open the air shut-off valve. After the pump primes, the air valve can be opened to increase air flow as desired. If opening the valve increases cycling rate, but does not increase the rate of flow, cavitation has occurred. The valve should be closed slightly to obtain the most efficient air flow to pump flow ratio.



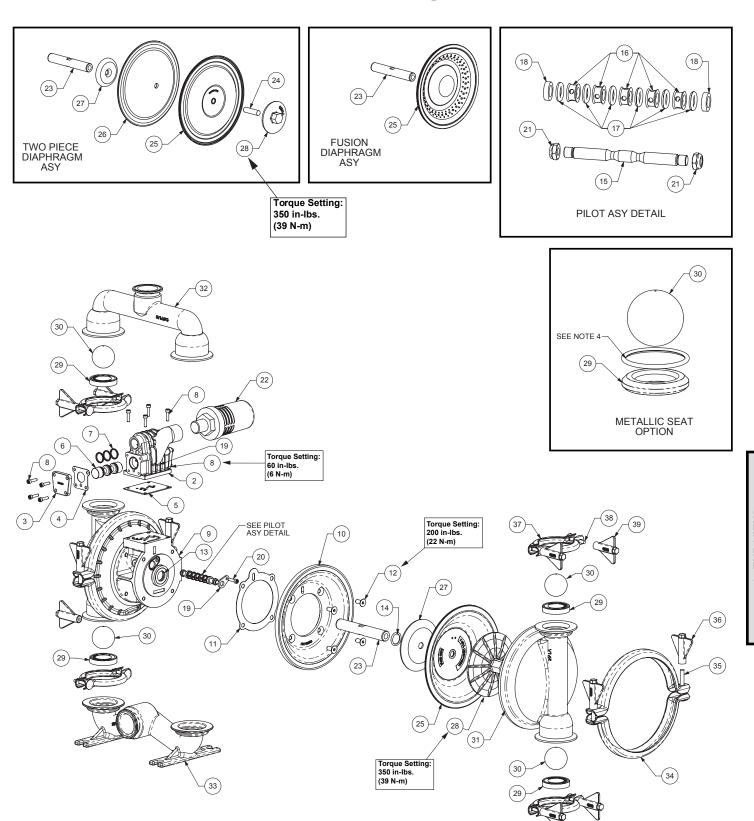
Troubleshooting Guide

Symptom:	Potential Cause(s):	Recommendation(s):
Pump Cycles Once	Deadhead (system pressure meets or exceeds air supply pressure).	Increase the inlet air pressure to the pump. Pump is designed for 1:1 pressure ratio at zero flow. (Does not apply to high pressure 2:1 units).
	Air valve or intermediate gaskets installed incorrectly.	Install gaskets with holes properly aligned.
	Bent or missing actuator plunger.	Remove pilot valve and inspect actuator plungers.
Pump Will Not Operate	Pump is over lubricated.	Set lubricator on lowest possible setting or remove. Units are designed for lube free operation.
/ Cycle	Lack of air (line size, PSI, CFM).	Check the air line size and length, compressor capacity (HP vs. cfm required).
	Check air distribution system.	Disassemble and inspect main air distribution valve, pilot valve and pilot valve actuators.
	Discharge line is blocked or clogged manifolds.	Check for inadvertently closed discharge line valves. Clean discharge manifolds/piping.
	Deadhead (system pressure meets or exceeds air supply pressure).	Increase the inlet air pressure to the pump. Pump is designed for 1:1 pressure ratio at zero flow. (Does not apply to high pressure 2:1 units).
	Blocked air exhaust muffler.	Remove muffler screen, clean or de-ice, and re-install.
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.
	Pump chamber is blocked.	Disassemble and inspect wetted chambers. Remove or flush any obstructions.
Pump Cycles and Will	Cavitation on suction side.	Check suction condition (move pump closer to product).
Not Prime or No Flow	Check valve obstructed. Valve ball(s) not seating properly or sticking.	Disassemble the wet end of the pump and manually dislodge obstruction in the check valve pocket. Clean out around valve ball cage and valve seat area. Replace valve ball or valve seat if damaged. Use heavier valve ball material.
	Valve ball(s) missing (pushed into chamber or manifold).	Worn valve ball or valve seat. Worn fingers in valve ball cage (replace part). Check Chemical Resistance Guide for compatibility.
	Valve ball(s)/seat(s) damaged or attacked by product.	Check Chemical Resistance Guide for compatibility.
	Check valve and/or seat is worn or needs adjusting.	Inspect check valves and seats for wear and proper setting. Replace if necessary.
	Suction line is blocked.	Remove or flush obstruction. Check and clear all suction screens or strainers.
	Excessive suction lift.	For lifts exceeding 20' of liquid, filling the chambers with liquid will prime the pump in most cases.
	Suction side air leakage or air in product.	Visually inspect all suction-side gaskets and pipe connections.
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.
Pump Cycles Running	Over lubrication.	Set lubricator on lowest possible setting or remove. Units are designed for lube free operation.
Sluggish/Stalling,	Icing.	Remove muffler screen, de-ice, and re-install. Install a point of use air drier.
Flow Unsatisfactory	Clogged manifolds.	Clean manifolds to allow proper air flow
Flow Offsatisfactory	Deadhead (system pressure meets or exceeds air supply pressure).	Increase the inlet air pressure to the pump. Pump is designed for 1:1 pressure ratio at zero flow. (Does not apply to high pressure 2:1 units).
	Cavitation on suction side.	Check suction (move pump closer to product).
	Lack of air (line size, PSI, CFM).	Check the air line size, length, compressor capacity.
	Excessive suction lift.	For lifts exceeding 20' of liquid, filling the chambers with liquid will prime the pump in most cases.
	Air supply pressure or volume exceeds system hd.	Decrease inlet air (press. and vol.) to the pump. Pump is cavitating the fluid by fast cycling.
	Undersized suction line.	Meet or exceed pump connections.
	Restrictive or undersized air line.	Install a larger air line and connection.
	Suction side air leakage or air in product.	Visually inspect all suction-side gaskets and pipe connections.
	Suction line is blocked.	Remove or flush obstruction. Check and clear all suction screens or strainers.
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.
	Check valve obstructed.	Disassemble the wet end of the pump and manually dislodge obstruction in the check valve pocket.
	Check valve and/or seat is worn or needs adjusting.	Inspect check valves and seats for wear and proper setting. Replace if necessary.
	Entrained air or vapor lock in chamber(s).	Purge chambers through tapped chamber vent plugs. Purging the chambers of air can be dangerous.
Product Leaking	Diaphragm failure, or diaphragm plates loose.	Replace diaphragms, check for damage and ensure diaphragm plates are tight.
Through Exhaust	Diaphragm stretched around center hole or bolt holes.	Check for excessive inlet pressure or air pressure. Consult Chemical Resistance Chart for compatibility with products, cleaners, temperature limitations and lubrication.
Premature Diaphragm	Cavitation.	Enlarge pipe diameter on suction side of pump.
Failure	Excessive flooded suction pressure.	Move pump closer to product. Raise pump/place pump on top of tank to reduce inlet pressure. Install Back pressure device (Tech bulletin 41r). Add accumulation tank or pulsation dampener.
	Misapplication (chemical/physical incompatibility).	Consult Chemical Resistance Chart for compatibility with products, cleaners, temperature limitations and lubrication.
	Incorrect diaphragm plates or plates on backwards, installed incorrectly or worn.	Check Operating Manual to check for correct part and installation. Ensure outer plates have not been worn to a sharp edge.
Unbalanced Cycling	Excessive suction lift.	For lifts exceeding 20' of liquid, filling the chambers with liquid will prime the pump in most cases.
, ,	Undersized suction line.	Meet or exceed pump connections.
1	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.
		the state of the s
	Suction side air leakage or air in product.	Visually inspect all suction-side gaskets and pipe connections.
	Suction side air leakage or air in product. Check valve obstructed.	Visually inspect all suction-side gaskets and pipe connections. Disassemble the wet end of the pump and manually dislodge obstruction in the check valve pocket.
	· ·	

For additional troubleshooting tips contact After Sales Support at service.warrenrupp@idexcorp.com or 419-524-8388



Composite Repair Parts Drawing



Composite Repair Parts List

	-pot	site Repair Parts Lis			
Item #	Qty.	Description Air valve	Assembly	Part Number	
1	પાપુ.	Valve Body Assembly (includes items 2-8)		P31-200-NP	
2	1	Valve Body Assembly (includes items 2-0)		P31-201NP	
3	2	End Cap		P50-300NP	
4	2	End Cap Gasket		P50-110	
5	1	Valve Body Gasket		P31-202	
6	1	Valve Spool		P50-104	
7	3	Glyde Ring Assembly		P50-104C	
8	12	Mounting Screws (8 included on item 1)		S1001	
Ü	12	Center Sect	on Assembly	01001	
Item #	Qty.	Description		Part Number	
9	1	Center Block Assembly (Includes item 13 & 14)		P31-400NP ASY	
10	2	Air Chamber		P31-101NP	
11	2	Air Chamber Gasket		P31-109	
12	8	Bolt		SP31-404	
13	2	Bearing Sleeve		P31-403	
14	2	Main Shaft O-Ring		P24-403	
15	1	Pilot Shaft		P50-112	
16	5	Pilot Spacer		P24-106P	
17	6	Pilot O-Ring		P24-107	
18	2	Pilot Ring		P50-119	
19	2	Pilot Retainer	P50-109		
20	2	Screw		S1001	
21	2	Stop Nut		P24-108	
22	1	Muffler	VTM-6		
		Diaphragm Asse	mbly / Elastomers		
14 41	۱ ۵۰	5	Part Number PTFE		
Item #	Qty.	Description	Versa-Rugged	Two Piece	<u> </u>
23	1	Main Shaft	P31-103	P31-102	P31-103
24	2	Main Shaft Stud	N/A	V221F	N/A
25	2	Diaphragm (See Below Material Chart)	V163xx	V163TF	V163F
26	2	Back-Up Diaphragm	N/A	V163TFB	N/A
27	2	Inner Diaphragm Plate	V161CNP	V161TINP	N/A
28	2	Outer Diaphragm Plate	SVB161	SV161TO	N/A
29	4	Valve Seat (See Below Material Chart)		V170xx	
30	4	Valve Ball (See Below Material Chart)		V171xx	
			Assembly		
Item #	Qty.	Description	Part Number		
31	2	Water Chamber		SV165FG	
32	2	Discharge Manifold	SV166FG		
33	1	Suction Manifold		SV167FG	
34	4	Large Clamp Half	SP31-110A		
35	4	Large Clamp Bolt	SV164C		
20	4	Large Clamp Wing Nut	FG39C		
36			SV169A		
37	8	Small Clamp Half			
37 38	8 8	Small Clamp Bolt		SV169B	
37	8	Small Clamp Bolt Small Clamp Wing Nut			
37 38 39	8 8 8	Small Clamp Bolt Small Clamp Wing Nut Elastomer Mater	ial Specifications	SV169B FG69C	/M
37 38 39 Mate	8 8 8 erial	Small Clamp Bolt Small Clamp Wing Nut Elastomer Mater Versa-Rugged Diaphragm P/N	"Ball P/N"	SV169B FG69C	
37 38 39 Mate	8 8 8 erial FE	Small Clamp Bolt Small Clamp Wing Nut Elastomer Mater Versa-Rugged Diaphragm P/N See item # 25	"Ball P/N" V171TF	SV169B FG69C Seat P	etal seat)
37 38 39 Mate PTF FDA F	8 8 8 erial FE Hytrel	Small Clamp Bolt Small Clamp Wing Nut Elastomer Mater Versa-Rugged Diaphragm P/N See item # 25 V163TPEFG	"Ball P/N" V171TF V171TPEFG	SV169B FG69C Seat P N/A (use Me	etal seat) EFG
37 38 39 Mate	8 8 8 Perial FE Hytrel ss Steel	Small Clamp Bolt Small Clamp Wing Nut Elastomer Mater Versa-Rugged Diaphragm P/N See item # 25	"Ball P/N" V171TF	SV169B FG69C Seat P	etal seat) EFG Note 1)

Notes:

1.) (4) V170T o-rings are to be used with Metal fitted seats.



Material Codes - The Last 3 Digits of Part Number

- 000.....Assembly, sub-assembly; and some purchased items
- 010.....Cast Iron
- 015.....Ductile Iron
- 020.....Ferritic Malleable Iron
- 080.....Carbon Steel, AISI B-1112
- 110.....Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel
- 111Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel (Electro Polished)
- 112.....Alloy C
- 113.....Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel (Hand Polished)
- 114.....303 Stainless Steel
- 115.....302/304 Stainless Steel
- 117.....440-C Stainless Steel (Martensitic)
- 120.....416 Stainless Steel (Wrought Martensitic)
- 148..... Hardcoat Anodized Aluminum
- 150.....6061-T6 Aluminum
- 152.....2024-T4 Aluminum (2023-T351)
- 155.....356-T6 Aluminum
- 156.....356-T6 Aluminum
- 157.....Die Cast Aluminum Alloy #380
- 158.....Aluminum Alloy SR-319
- 162.....Brass, Yellow, Screw Machine Stock
- 165.....Cast Bronze, 85-5-5-5
- 166.....Bronze, SAE 660
- 170.....Bronze, Bearing Type, Oil Impregnated
- 180.....Copper Alloy
- 305.....Carbon Steel, Black Epoxy Coated
- 306.....Carbon Steel, Black PTFE Coated
- 307.....Aluminum, Black Epoxy Coated
- 308.....Stainless Steel, Black PTFE Coated
- 309.....Aluminum, Black PTFE Coated
- 313.....Aluminum, White Epoxy Coated
- 330.....Zinc Plated Steel
- 332.....Aluminum, Electroless Nickel Plated
- 333.....Carbon Steel, Electroless Nickel Plated
- 335.....Galvanized Steel
- 337.....Silver Plated Steel
- 351.....Food Grade Santoprene®
- 353.....Geolast; Color: Black
- 354..... Injection Molded #203-40
- Santoprene® Duro 40D +/-5; Color: RED
- 356.....Hytrel®
- 357.....Injection Molded Polyurethane
- 358.....Urethane Rubber (Some Applications) (Compression Mold)
- 359.....Urethane Rubber
- 360.....Nitrile Rubber Color coded: RED
- 363.....FKM (Fluorocarbon)
 Color coded: YELLOW

- 364.....EPDM Rubber
 - Color coded: BLUE
- 365.....Neoprene Rubber Color coded: GREEN
- 366.....Food Grade Nitrile
- 368.....Food Grade EPDM
- 371.....Philthane (Tuftane)
- 374.....Carboxylated Nitrile
- 375.....Fluorinated Nitrile
- 378.....High Density Polypropylene
- 379.....Conductive Nitrile
- 408.....Cork and Neoprene
- 425.....Compressed Fibre
- 426.....Blue Gard
- 440.....Vegetable Fibre
- 500.....Delrin® 500
- 502.....Conductive Acetal, ESD-800
- 503.....Conductive Acetal, Glass-Filled
- 506.....Delrin® 150
- 520.....Injection Molded PVDF Natural color
- 540.....Nylon
- 542.....Nylon
- 544.....Nylon Injection Molded
- 550.....Polyethylene
- 551.....Glass Filled Polypropylene
- 552.....Unfilled Polypropylene
- 555.....Polyvinyl Chloride
- 556.....Black Vinyl
- 558.....Conductive HDPE
- 570.....Rulon II®
- 580.....Ryton®
- 600.....PTFE (virgin material)
 Tetrafluorocarbon (TFE)
- 603.....Blue Gylon®
- 604.....PTFE
- 606.....PTFE
- 607.....Envelon
- 608.....Conductive PTFE
- 610.....PTFE Encapsulated Silicon
- 611.....PTFE Encapsulated FKM
- 632.....Neoprene/Hytrel®
- 633.....FKM/PTFE
- 634.....EPDM/PTFE
- 635.....Neoprene/PTFE
- 637.....PTFE, FKM/PTFE
- 638.....PTFE, Hytrel®/PTFE
- 639.....Nitrile/TFE
- 643.....Santoprene®/EPDM
- 644.....Santoprene®/PTFE
- 656.....Santoprene® Diaphragm and Check Balls/EPDM Seats
- 661.....EPDM/Santoprene®
- 666.....FDA Nitrile Diaphragm,
 - PTFE Overlay, Balls, and Seals
- 668.....PTFE, FDA Santoprene®/PTFE

- Delrin and Hytrel are registered tradenames of E.I. DuPont.
- Nylatron is a registered tradename of Polymer Corp.
- Gylon is a registered tradename of Garlock. Inc.
- Santoprene is a registered tradename of Exxon Mobil Corp.
- Rulon II is a registered tradename of Dixion Industries Corp.
- Ryton is a registered tradename of Phillips Chemical Co.
- Valox is a registered tradename of General Electric Co.

RECYCLING

Warren Rupp, manufacturer of Versamatic, is an ISO14001 registered company and is committed to minimizing the impact our products have on the environment. Many components of Versamatic® AODD pumps are made of recyclable materials. We encourage pump users to recycle worn out parts and pumps whenever possible, after any hazardous pumped fluids are thoroughly flushed. Pump users that recycle will gain the satisfaction to know that their discarded part(s) or pump will not end up in a landfill. The recyclability of Versamatic products is a vital part of Warren Rupp's commitment to environmental stewardship.



5 - YEAR Limited Product Warranty

Quality System ISO9001 Certified • Environmental Management Systems ISO14001 Certified

Versamatic warrants to the original end-use purchaser that no product sold by Versamatic that bears a Versamatic brand shall fail under normal use and service due to a defect in material or workmanship within five years from the date of shipment from Versamatic's factory.

The use of non-OEM replacement parts will void (or negate) agency certifications, including CE, ATEX, CSA, 3A and EC1935 compliance (Food Contact Materials). Warren Rupp, Inc. cannot ensure nor warrant non-OEM parts to meet the stringent requirements of the certifying agencies.

~ See complete warranty at http://vm.salesmrc.com/pdfs/VM Product Warranty.pdf

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

DECLARATION DE CONFORMITE • DECLARACION DE CONFORMIDAD • ERKLÄRUNG BEZÜGLICH EINHALTUNG DER VORSCHRIFTEN DICHIARAZIONE DI CONFORMITÀ • CONFORMITEITSVERKLARING • DEKLARATION OM ÖVERENSSTÄMMELSE EF-OVERENSSTEMMELSESERKLÆRING • VAATIMUSTENMUKAISUUSVAKUUTUS • SAMSVARSERKLÄRING DECLARAÇAO DE CONFORMIDADE

MANUFACTURED BY:

FABRIQUE PAR:
FABRICADA POR:
HERGESTELLT VON:
FABBRICATO DA:
VERVAARDIGD DOOR:
TILLVERKAD AV:
FABRIKANT:
VALMISTAJA:
PRODUSENT:

FABRICANTE:

VERSAMATIC ®

Warren Rupp, Inc. A Unit of IDEX Corporation 800 North Main Street P.O. Box 1568 Mansfield, OH 44901-1568 USA

Tel: 419-526-7296 Fax: 419-526-7289



2006/42/EC

EN809:2012

to Annex VIII

on Machinery, according

PUMP MODEL SERIES: E SERIES, V SERIES, VT SERIES, VSMA3, SPA15, RE SERIES AND U2 SERIES

This product complies with the following European Community Directives:

Ce produit est conforme aux directives de la Communauté européenne suivantes:

Este producto cumple con las siguientes Directrices de la Comunidad Europea: Dieses produkt erfüllt die folgenden Vorschriften der Europäischen Gemeinschaft:

Questo prodotto è conforme alle seguenti direttive CEE:

Dir produkt voldoet aan de volgende EG-richtlijnen:

Denna produkt överensstämmer med följande EU direktiv:

Versamatic, Inc., erklærer herved som fabrikant, at ovennævnte produkt er i overensstemmelse med bestemmelserne i Direkktive:

Tämä tuote täyttää seuraavien EC Direktiivien vaatimukstet:

Dette produkt oppfyller kravene til følgende EC Direktiver:

Este produto está de acordo com as seguintes Directivas comunitárias:

This product has used the following harmonized standards to verify conformance:

Ce materiel est fabriqué selon les normes harmonisées suivantes, afin d'en garantir la conformité:

Este producto cumple con las siquientes directrices de la comunidad europa:

Dieses produkt ist nach folgenden harmonisierten standards gefertigtworden, die übereinstimmung wird bestätigt:

Questo prodotto ha utilizzato i seguenti standards per verificare la conformita':

De volgende geharmoniseerde normen werden gehanteerd om de conformiteit van dit produkt te garanderen:

För denna produkt har följande harmoniserande standarder använts för att bekräfta överensstämmelse:

Harmoniserede standarder, der er benyttet:

Tässä tuotteessa on sovellettu seuraavia yhdenmukaistettuja standardeja:

Dette produkt er produsert i overenstemmelse med fløgende harmoniserte standarder:

Este produto utilizou os seguintes padrões harmonizados para varificar conformidade:

AUTHORIZED/APPROVED BY:

Approuve par:
Aprobado por:
Genehmigt von:
approvato da:
Goedgekeurd door:
Underskrift:
Valtuutettuna:
Bemyndiget av:
Autorizado Por:

Dave Roseberry
Director of Engineering

Authorized Representative: IDEX Pump Technologies R79 Shannon Industrial Estate, Shannon, Co. Clare Ireland Attn: Barry McMahon

Alln. barry McMano

DATE: February 27, 2017

FECHA: DATUM: DATA: DATO: PÄIVÄYS:

Œ

06/14/2017 REV 08 VMQR 044FM



Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer: Warren Rupp, Inc., 800 N. Main Street, Mansfield, Ohio, 44902 USA certifies that Elima-Matic® Air-Operated Double Diaphragm Food Processing and Sanitary Pump Models and Surge Suppressor Models comply with the European Community Regulations:

(EC) No 1935/2004 for Food Contact Materials

(EC) No 2023/2006 Good Manufacturing Practice (EU) No 10/2011 on plastic materials and articles intended to come in contact with food

Food Processing Pump Models:

E4SJ5T5S0-FP-ATEX E2SJ7D770C-FP-ATEX E4SJ5F5S0-FP-ATEX E2SS7D770C-FP-ATEX E4SJ5T5S0-FP E2SJYXYY0C-FP-ATEX E4SJ5F5S0-FP E2SSYXYY0C-FP-ATEX E4SJYXYY0-FP E2SS7X770C-FP-ATEX E4SJ7X770-FP E3SJYXYY0C-FP-ATEX E1SPYX5S9C-FP E3SJ5T550C-FP-ATEX E1SP7X759C-FP E3SJ5F550C-FP-ATEX E3SJ5T5S0C-FP-ATEX E1SP5T559C-FP E1SP5F559C-FP E3SJ5F5S0C-FP-ATEX E5SP5T5S9C-FP E3SJ7X770C-FP-ATEX E5SP5F5S9C-FP E3SSYXYY0C-FP-ATEX E5SPYX559C-FP E3SS7X770C-FP-ATEX E5SP7X7S9C-FP E3SS5T550C-FP-ATEX E1SJ5T559C-FP-ATEX E3SS5F550C-FP-ATEX E1SJ5F559C-FP-ATEX E3SS5T5S0C-FP-ATEX E1SJ7X759C-FP-ATEX **Surge Suppressor Models:** E1SJYX559C-FP-ATEX VDA051SPTNS00 E2SJ5T5S0C-FP-ATEX

Surge Suppressor Models cont.:

VTA1 1/2,NG1SS. VTA40.NG1SS. VTA2,NG2SS. VTA50.NG2SS. VTA3.NG2SS. VTA80,NG2SS.

Sanitary Pump Models:

E4SJYXY40-SP E4SJ7X750-SP E2SJYXY40C-SP-ATEX E2SJ7X750C-SP-ATEX E4SJ5T550-SP-ATEX E4SJ5F550-SP-ATEX E2SJ5T550C-SP-ATEX E2SJ5F550C-SP-ATEX E2SS5T550C-SP-ATEX E2SS5F550C-SP-ATEX E2SSYXY 40C-SP-ATEX E2SS7X750C-SP-ATEX

Materials used in equipment intended for food contact (Annex I (EC) No 1935/2004):

VTA1,NG1SS.

VTA25,NG1SS.

 Rubber Metals & Alloys Plastics

Plastic Materials: PTFE and FKM/ PTFE coated

The plastic components are suitable to come in contact with multiple food types, provided that storage contact time does not exceed 1/2 hour, contact temperature does not exceed 40°C and maximum operating temperatures within the instructions manual are not exceeded. Diaphragm failure may allow process fluids to come in contact with nonconforming materials. Regular inspections are reccended.

· This Declaration is based on :

E2SJ5F5S0C-FP-ATEX

E2SJ7X770C-FP-ATEX

- · Declaration of Conformities from raw material suppliers
- Total Migration Analysis per (EU) No 10/2011
- Supporting document will be made available to competent authorities to demonstrate compliance

David Reselvery	February 8, 2013	
Signature of authorized person	Date of issue	
David Roseberry	Director of Engineering	
Printed name of authorized person	Title	
	February 6, 2018	
	Date of revision	





